

3 Year LL.B. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JULY 2023

First Semester

Paper - I : LAW OF CONTRACTS - I

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

PART — A

Answer any SIX questions.

(6 × 4 = 24 Marks)

Each question carries 4 marks.

1. Quasi Contract. **68**
2. Voidable agreements.
3. Public policy.
4. Undue influence.
5. Revocation.
6. Consent.
7. Misrepresentation.
8. Stranger to Consideration.
9. Privity of Contract.

PART — B

Answer any TWO question.

(2 × 18 = 36 Marks)

Each question carries 18 marks.

10. "All Contracts are agreements but all agreements are not contracts". Explain
11. Minors are incapable to enter into a contract — Discuss.
12. What is Coercion? Explain its effect on consent to a contract?
13. Explain the various modes in discharge of a contract.

Turn Over

PART — C

Answer any TWO question.

($2 \times 20 = 40$ Marks)

ALL questions carries 20 marks.

14. A' lends a book to 'B' and 'B' promises to return it one week before examinations. B did not return it in spite of 'A' repeated demands. A sues B for breach of contract and claims damages. B luxury pleads absence of considération and so not a contract. Decide.
15. A a minor, representing that he is a major, took bicycle on credit from B. The Bicycle is not a necessity but a. A did not pay the price. Can B recover the bicycle from A?
16. X' gave her new saree for dry wash at the Y's shop, the receipt given by the shop contained a clause that the customer would be entitled to claim only 10% of the value of the article in case of loss. X's saree was lost due to the negligence of the Y Decide.
17. Principal of a college directed the clerk of that college to stand as a surety for the loan he borrowed from a Bank. When Principal defaulted, Bank sent a notice to the clerk to repay the loan borrowed by the principal. Advise.

3 YEAR LL.B. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JULY 2023.

First Semester

Paper II : CONTRACTS – II / SPECIAL CONTRACTS

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

PART — A

Answer any SIX questions.

(6 × 4 = 24 Marks)

Each Question carries 4 marks

1. Discharge of Surety
2. Caveat Emptor
3. Minor as Partner
4. Pledge
5. Sub-Agent
6. Right of lien
7. Sale and agreement to sell
8. Doctrine of Holding out
9. Nemo dat quod non habet

PART — B

Answer any TWO questions.

(2 × 18 = 36 Marks)

Each Question carries 18 marks

10. Define unpaid seller. What are the rights of an unpaid seller?
11. Discuss Various methods by which a partnership firm is dissolved?
12. What are the implied Conditions and Warranties in a contract of sale of goods?
13. What is agency by ramification ? State the conditions that must be fulfilled to make this doctrine applicable the act of agent?

Turn Over

PART — C

Answer any TWO questions.

($2 \times 20 = 40$ Marks)

Each Question carries 20 marks

14. B' owes to 'C' debt guaranteed by 'A'. The debt becomes payable. 'C' does not sue 'B' for a year after the debt has become payable. Is 'A' discharged from his liability ? Decide.
15. A' enters into a contract with 'B' for buying B's car an agent of C without C's authority. 'B' repudiates the contract before 'C' comes to know of it. 'C' subsequently ratifies the contract and sues 'B' to enforce it - Decide.
16. A, without B's authority, lends B's money to C. Afterwards B accepts interest on the money from C. Discuss the rights of A, B and C.
17. X, Y and Z carried on a business for profit but under very special condition as to Z, that Z was to contribute neither labour nor money, and was not to receive any profits, but was to lend his name to the firm. Is Z, liable for the debts of the firm ? Decide.

3 YEAR LL.B. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JULY 2023.

First Semester

Part III : LAW OF TORTS INCLUDING M.V. ACCIDENT AND CONSUMER PROTECTION LAWS

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

PART — A

Answer any SIX questions

(6 × 4 = 24 Marks)

1. Tort and Crime ✓
2. Exemplary Damages ✓
3. 'No fault liability'
4. Res Ipsa Loquitur ✓
5. Defamation ✓
6. "Ubi Jus Ibi remedium"
7. Malicious prosecution
8. Nervous shock ✓
9. Deficiency Service ✓

PART — B

Answer any TWO questions. (2 × 18 = 36 Marks)

10. What is negligence? Explain the essentials of the tort of negligence?
11. Explain the rights and remedies available to consumer under Consumer Protection Act, 1986".
12. Explain Law relating to strict liability?
13. Discuss briefly the vicarious liability of master in respect of the acts of his servant.

Turn Over

R-8

PART — C

Answer any TWO questions.

(2 × 20 = 40 Marks)

14. A son, aged 22 years obtained permission from his mother to drive his father's car for his personal use. He has used that car to drop his girl friend at her house. The father and mother were not aware or knew that girl friend. On the way, due to the negligent driving by the son, the car met with an accident and his girl friend died on the spot. Explain the liability of the father.

15. X' fixed a high tension wire to protect his field from intruders?, while trying to cross through X's field came in touch with live wire and got electrocuted. Is X liable and if so on what grounds?

16. A' establishes a school in front of a school belonging to 'B'. All the children flock to the school of 'A'. Can B sue 'A' for the damage caused to him?

17. A pedestrian 'X' was walking on a public road. A cricket ball comes over a high fence and hits her. Can she sue for the injury caused to her?

Date Month Major sq
Century
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Y+1 C-1 M-3 D+3
M-2 D+2 Y+2 C-2
C+1 Y-1 D+1 M-1

3 Year LL.B. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JULY 2023

First Semester

Paper IV : LAW OF CRIMES (INDIAN PENAL CODE)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

PART — A

Answer any SIX questions.
Each question carries 4 marks.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ Marks})$

1. Kidnapping and Abduction. *300, 2*
2. Abetment.
3. Sedition.
4. Rape and Adultery.
5. Criminal Trespass.
6. Nuisance.
7. Corruption.
8. Affray. *— two or more*
9. Reformatory Theory.

PART — B

Answer any TWO questions.
Each question carries 18 marks.

 $(2 \times 18 = 36 \text{ Marks})$

10. Define common intention and distinguish it from common object. *149*
11. Examine the scope of the right of private defence under various circumstances.
12. Define and distinguish between Culpable homicide and murder. Refer to decided cases.
13. Discuss the liability of insane person under Indian Penal Code. *84*

Turn Over

PART — C

Answer any TWO questions.

(2 × 20 = 40 Marks)

Each question carries 20 marks.

14. 'X' instigates 'Y' to commit Culpable homicide amounting to murder of 'Z'. Y refuses to do so. Is X guilty of any offence.
15. 'A' with an intention to commit a theft has put his hand in the pocket of one 'B' at Railway Station, when B's pocket was empty. Whether A is liable for punishment.
16. 'P' a Police Officer, tortures 'R' in order to induce R to confess that he commits a crime. Is P guilty of any offence.
17. 'A' committed murder through the instigation of B and escaped from scene and stayed at his friend C's house at Bangalore. Whether C has committed any of the offence if so what is the punishment to C?

3 YEAR LL.B. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JULY 2023

First Semester

Paper - V : CONSTITUTIONAL LAW

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

PART — A

Answer any SIX questions.
Each question carries 4 marks.

(6 × 4 = 24 Marks)

1. Preamble.
2. Right to Privacy.
3. Lokpal.
4. Election Commission.
5. State.
6. Doctrine of pleasure.
7. Independence of Judiciary.
8. Financial Emergency. 360
9. Reduction in Rank.

PART — B

Answer any TWO question.
Each question carries 18 marks.

(2 × 18 = 36 Marks)

10. State the distribution of powers between Centre and States. 245 255 976647
11. Discuss the scope of freedom of speech and expression in the light of Supreme Court decisions.
12. Discuss the power and functions of the Supreme Court of India. ✓
13. Describe the law relating to amendment of the Indian Constitution. ✓

Turn Over

PART — C

Answer any TWO question.

(2 × 20 = 40 Marks)

Each question carries 20 marks.

14. The President of India dissolved the Legislative Assemblies of some states under Article 356 in the absence of a report from the Governors of the respective states. Is the action of the President valid?
15. 'A' was a smuggler and he was caught up by y police. The police kept 'A' in the police station for 3 days. Later 'A' was left free by police but smuggled goods were not returned not produced in the court. Has 'A' any right?
16. An industry has been polluting the nearby water wells by discharging its effluents. A local NGO wants to file Public Interest Litigation against it to stop discharge of effluents - Advise.
17. 'X', a forward caste girl aged 16 years was given in adoption to a scheduled tribe family. 'X' secured admission into the state medical college under schedule tribe category. The adoption of X was challenged. Decide.